## Problem I. A Really Odd Sequence

Input file:
Output file:
Time limit:
Memory limit:
standard input
standard output
6 seconds
512 mebibytes

According to our long-established tradition, the best statements are those kept short.
Given a sequence of integers, find the largest sum of a consecutive subsequence of odd length.

## Input

The first line of input contains the number of test cases $z$. The descriptions of the test cases follow. The first line of each test case contains the length of the sequence $n(1 \leq n \leq 1000000)$.
The next line contains $n$ integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}\left(-10^{9} \leq a_{i} \leq 10^{9}\right)$, the elements of the sequence. The total length of all sequences in all test cases does not exceed 5000000 .

## Output

For each test case, output the largest sum on a separate line.

## Example

| standard input | standard output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10 |
| 4 |  |
| $8-791$ |  |

