Problem F Color Inversion on a Huge Chessboard Time Limit: 4 seconds

You are given a set of square cells arranged in a chessboard-like pattern with n horizontal rows and n vertical columns. Rows are numbered 1 through n from top to bottom, and columns are also numbered 1 through n from left to right.

Initially, the cells are colored as in a chessboard, that is, the cell in the row i and the column j is colored black if i + j is odd and is colored white if it is even.

Color-inversion operations, each of which is one of the following two, are made one after another.

- **Invert colors of a row:** Given a row number, invert colors of all the cells in the specified row. The white cells in the row become black and the black ones become white.
- **Invert colors of a column:** Given a column number, invert colors of all the cells in the specified column. The white cells in the column become black and the black ones become white.

The number of distinct *areas* after each of the operations should be counted. Here, an area means a group of directly or indirectly connected cells of the same color. Two cells are said to be directly connected when they share an edge.

Input

The input consists of a single test case of the following format.

```
n \ q

operation_1

\vdots

operation_a
```

The integer n is the number of rows and columns $(1 \le n \le 5 \times 10^5)$. The integer q is the number of operations $(1 \le q \le 5 \times 10^5)$. The following q lines represent operations to be made in this order. Each of them is given in either of the following forms.

- ROW *i*: the operation "invert colors of a row" applied to the row $i \ (1 \le i \le n)$.
- COLUMN j: the operation "invert colors of a column" applied to the column j $(1 \le j \le n)$.

Output

Output q lines. The k-th line should contain an integer denoting the number of areas after the k-th operation is made.

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
3 3	3
ROW 2	2
COLUMN 3	6
ROW 2	

Sample Input 2

Sample Output 2

200000 2	39999800000
ROW 1	4000000000
ROW 1	

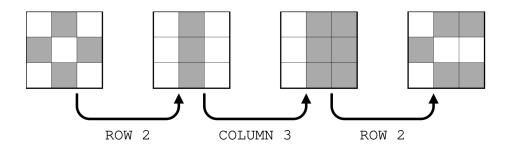


Figure F.1. Illustration of Sample Input 1