## AND-OR closure

| Input file: | standard input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output file: | standard output |
| Time limit: | 1 second |
| Memory limit: | 256 megabytes |

Given a set $A$ of $n$ non-negative integers, we define its AND-OR closure as the $B$ with smallest size such that:

- $A \subseteq B$
- If $x, y \in B$, then $(x$ AND $y) \in B$
- If $x, y \in B$, then $(x$ OR $y) \in B$

Find the size of the AND-OR closure of $A$.
Here AND denotes the bitwise AND operation, and OR denotes the bitwise OR operation.

## Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer $n\left(1 \leq n \leq 2 \cdot 10^{5}\right)$ - the size of the set $A$.
The second line contains $n$ distinct integers $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}\left(0 \leq a_{i}<2^{40}\right)-$ which represent the elements of $A$.

## Output

Print the size of the AND-OR closure of $A$.

## Examples

|  |  | standard input |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 |  |  |  | 5 | standard output |
| 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 |  | 8 |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |

## Note

In the first sample, the AND-OR closure of $A$ is $\{0,1,3,5,7\}$.
In the second sample, the AND-OR closure of $A$ is $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$.

